Company Report
Industry: MidCaps

## Navneet Education

## Going Strong



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[^0]| Rating | BUY |
| :--- | ---: |
| Price | Rs 89 |
| Target Price | Rs111 |
| Implied Upside | $24.7 \%$ |
| Sensex | 25,844 |
| Nifty | 7,915 |

(Prices as on April 20, 2016)

| Trading data |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Market Cap. (Rs m) | $21,199.8$ |
| Shares o/s (m) | 238.2 |
| 3M Avg. Daily value (Rs m) | 4.6 |


| Major shareholders |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Promoters | $61.80 \%$ |
| Foreign | $6.48 \%$ |
| Domestic Inst. | $15.24 \%$ |
| Public \& Other | $16.48 \%$ |


| Stock Performance |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| (\%) | $\mathbf{1 M}$ | $\mathbf{6 M}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 M}$ |
| Absolute | 9.0 | $(8.5)$ | $(14.1)$ |
| Relative | 5.4 | $(3.0)$ | $(4.9)$ |


| How we differ from Consensus |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| EPS (Rs) | PL | Cons. | \% Diff. |
| 2017 | 6.2 | 6.3 | -1.4 |
| 2018 | 7.0 | 7.6 | -8.4 |

Price Performance (RIC: NAVN.BO, BB: NELI IN)


[^1]
#### Abstract

Navneet Education enjoys a strong foothold in the publication industry with a market share of $\sim 65-70 \%$ in both Gujarat and Maharashtra. Navneet's stint of more than five decades in the publication segment has not only enabled strong relationships with educational institutions, but has also created a strong brand recall and trust factor with teachers, parents and retailers. Traditional publishing business is growing @10-12\% CAGR with margins north of 33\%. Buoyed by its success, Navneet ventured into Stationery business which, though is not as profitable as Publishing (10-12\% margins), but helps leverage distribution reach and branding of the entire portfolio. Off-late, Navneet is targeting the digital opportunity by offering B2B animated versions of syllabus to schools and other B2C off line products like pen drives and tablets. Navneet has been a value stock over the years with a payout ratio of $48 \%$. However, considering RoE of $23 \%$ and consistent earnings over FY16-FY18E period, Navneet is well-positioned to deliver superior returns. Strong management bandwidth with proven track record, high visibility on operating cash-flows, superior return ratios and strong balance sheet, makes Navneet a preferred 'BUY' in the Education space. Initiate with a 'BUY and TP of Rs 111 implying 16x FY18E earnings.


- Strong content portfolio help steady cash generation in publishing: Navneet enjoys near monopoly position in the supplementary books segment in Western India and generates $\sim$ Rs1.8bn EBITDA/annum in the publishing segment. Regular capex of Rs250-300m and strong cash generation makes publishing segment a cash cow for funding future growth avenues.
- Digital content can see explosive growth over next 3-5 years: Digital content has vast potential, both in B2B and B2C segments, as more schools turn digital over the years. However, not many players in this segment have grown profitably over the years. We are hopeful about Navneet's strategy of subscription-based model and expect it to deliver exponential growth in revenues over the next 3-5 years.

| Key financials (Y/e March) | 2015 | 2016 E | 2017 E | 2018 E |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Revenues (Rs m) | 9,795 | 9,811 | 11,058 | 12,345 |
| $\quad$ Growth (\%) | 11.0 | 0.2 | 12.7 | 11.6 |
| EBITDA (Rs m) | 2,372 | 2,208 | 2,654 | 2,963 |
| PAT (Rs m) | 1,303 | 1,326 | 1,479 | 1,658 |
| EPS (Rs) | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 7.0 |
| $\quad$ Growth (\%) | 14.0 | 1.7 | 11.6 | 12.1 |
| Net DPS (Rs) | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Profitability \& Valuation | 2015 | 2016 E | 2017 E | 2018 E |
| EBITDA margin (\%) | 24.2 | 22.5 | 24.0 | 24.0 |
| RoE (\%) | 25.5 | 22.9 | 22.7 | 22.6 |
| RoCE (\%) | 19.1 | 16.8 | 18.9 | 19.7 |
| EV / sales (x) | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| EV / EBITDA (x) | 9.5 | 10.1 | 8.4 | 7.5 |
| PE (x) | 16.2 | 16.0 | 14.3 | 12.8 |
| P / BV (x) | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| Net dividend yield (\%) | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.1 |

Source: Company Data; PL Research

## What can change the growth trajectory?

## eSense grows exponentially with new product launches

Exhibit 1: eSense has the potential to contribute meaningfully over the next 3-5 years


Source: Company Data, PL Research

Exhibit 2: Govt orders recd for past 5 yrs


[^2]e-learning has vast potential both in B2B and B2C segments as the students and teachers accept the benefit of digital learning and more schools turn digital over the years. Adaptability and willingness to pay for services have acted as a key challenge.

Out of the total 24,000 private schools in Maharashtra and Gujarat (B2B), Navneet has tapped 2,800 odd schools (less than $15 \%$ ) leaving ample scope for growth. Its B2B product TOPCLASS (Digital solution for classroom teaching) is installed in more than 20,000 classrooms in Maharashtra and Gujarat and has seen good response over the years.

Also, Navneet is ready with product offerings in retail like CD roms and pen drives for state board curriculum of Maharashtra and Gujarat which will be made available at the retail level. It is also ready with pen drives for CBSE grades 1 to 10 with the product price varying between Rs3,000-4,000/user.

Navneet has invested $\sim$ Rs 300 m in eSense over the past 5 yrs and is already cash breakeven in the business.

## Pick-up in Government orders or fresh tendering of digital classroom order

Navneet receives bulk orders from State government departments like Tribal dept, women and Child welfare dept, Social welfare dept etc for supplementary books, which then gets distributed to students in the public schools. Though Navneet has secured orders in three out of past five years, this business is very lumpy.

Considering government impetus on improved education and digital India, this segment remains a dark horse with significant upside potential. Digital classroom tender in Maharashtra alone has a potential of Rs7.5bn.

Exhibit 3: CBSE textbook can reach a turnover of Rs500m over next 3-4 years


Source: Company Data, PL Research

## Growth pick up in CBSE textbooks

Many private sector English medium schools (around 70,000 in the country) have started positioning themselves as CBSE pattern schools where they use private publisher's textbooks up to Grade 8.

Navneet offers a range of textbooks marketed under brand name "Grafalco" up to
Grade 8 and is looking to build the entire library for CBSE grade in FY17.

## Syllabus change in the next three years

Syllabus change is a major growth driver as it clears off the old and second hand books from the channel and students buy new books as per the new revised syllabus as proposed by the respective state education boards. The syllabus across grade 1-10 is evaluated regularly and changes effected once in every six years.

Exhibit 4: Syllabus change in the next two years

| Academic Year | Maharashtra |  | Gujarat |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Class | Subject | Class | Subject |
| 2014-15 | 3 | All Subjects (All Mediums) | 1 | All Subjects (Gujarati Mediums) |
|  | 4 | All Subjects (All Mediums) | 2 | All Subjects (Gujarati Mediums) |
|  |  |  | 3 | All Subjects (Gujarati Mediums) |
|  |  |  | 4 | All Subjects (Gujarati Mediums) |
|  |  |  | 5 | All Subjects (Gujarati Mediums) |
| 2015-16 | 5 | All Subjects (All Mediums) | 1 | All Subjects (Eng \& Hindi Mediums) |
|  |  |  | 3 | All Subjects (Eng \& Hindi Mediums) |
|  |  |  | 4 | All Subjects (Eng \& Hindi Mediums) |
|  |  |  | 5 | All Subjects (Eng \& Hindi Mediums) |
| 2016-17 | 6 | All Subjects (All Mediums) | 9 | Maths, Science, Computer, Sanskrit (All Medium) |
| 2017-18 |  | Not Yet Announced | 10 | All Subjects (All Mediums) |
|  |  |  | 12 | All commerce \& Art Subjects (All Mediums) |

[^3]Exhibit 5: Current Revenue Contribution Class -wise

| Class | $\mathbf{1}$ to $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ to $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ to $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}^{\text {th }}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}^{\text {th }}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ Contribution | $6 \%$ each | $8 \%$ each | $10 \%$ each | $17 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

## Investment Rationale

Exhibit 6: Focused player in high margin supplementary book segment


Source: Company Data, PL Research

Exhibit 8: Consistent Dividend payout of $\sim 48 \%$ creates comfort


Source: Company Data, PL Research

Exhibit 7: Stationery business leverages Navneet brand and helps deeper penetration


Source: Company Data, PL Research

Exhibit 9: Strong balance sheet shows prudence


Source: Company Data, PL Research

Exhibit 10: High return ratios \& strong cash generation merits investment


Source: Company Data, PL Research

## Financial Snapshot

Exhibit 11: Financial Snapshot $\quad$ (Rs M)

|  | FY06 | FYO7 | FY08 | FY09 | FY10 | FY11 | FY12 | FY13 | FY14 | FY15 | FY16E | FY17E | FY18E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenues | 2,963 | 3,323 | 4,111 | 5,153 | 5,316 | 5,483 | 6,189 | 8,057 | 8,821 | 9,795 | 9,811 | 11,058 | 12,345 |
| EBIDTA | 590 | 724 | 829 | 1,025 | 1,069 | 1,154 | 1,313 | 1,922 | 2,080 | 2,372 | 2,208 | 2,654 | 2,963 |
| PAT | 331 | 426 | 542 | 558 | 628 | 668 | 780 | 1,067 | 1,152 | 1,303 | 1,326 | 1,479 | 1,658 |
| EPS | 3.5 | 4.5 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 7.0 |
| Div (per Share) | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.8 |
| Div Payout (\%) | 55.8 | 51.0 | 49.4 | 51.3 | 43.6 | 58.1 | 49.7 | 47.0 | 48.4 | 48.4 | 48.0 | 48.0 | 48.0 |
| BV (Rs) | 19.3 | 21.4 | 24.2 | 27.1 | 12.3 | 13.5 | 15.2 | 17.6 | 20.1 | 22.8 | 25.7 | 28.9 | 32.5 |
| Cash Profit | 423 | 511 | 647 | 684 | 756 | 804 | 951 | 1,301 | 1,410 | 1,611 | 1,664 | 1,851 | 2,068 |
| Mcap | 5,736 | 5,141 | 9,201 | 4,741 | 12,172 | 13,137 | 13,804 | 13,839 | 13,542 | 23,641 | 21,200 | - | - |
| Segment Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Publishing Content | 1,822 | 2,187 | 2,728 | 2,799 | 2,860 | 3,111 | 3,633 | 4,720 | 4,959 | 5,520 | 5,410 | 6,221 | 7,030 |
| Stationery Products | 1,116 | 1,092 | 1,360 | 2,298 | 2,401 | 2,321 | 2,493 | 3,260 | 3,812 | 4,224 | 4,351 | 4,786 | 5,264 |
| Others | 25 | 44 | 24 | 56 | 55 | 51 | 64 | 77 | 50 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 |
| Total Revenues | 2,963 | 3,323 | 4,111 | 5,153 | 5,316 | 5,483 | 6,189 | 8,057 | 8,821 | 9,795 | 9,811 | 11,058 | 12,345 |
| Segment EBIDTA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Publishing Content | 488 | 605 | 807 | 810 | 830 | 864 | 1,105 | 1,485 | 1,615 | 1,835 | 1,731 | 2,053 | 2,320 |
| Stationery Products | 104 | 103 | 55 | 239 | 291 | 331 | 258 | 441 | 446 | 488 | 472 | 536 | 590 |
| Others | 3 | 5 | (5) | (48) | 12 | (8) | 3 | 7 | 11 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Reported EBIDTA | 595 | 713 | 858 | 1,001 | 1,132 | 1,187 | 1,365 | 1,932 | 2,072 | 2,327 | 2,208 | 2,594 | 2,915 |
| Segment margins |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Publishing Content | 26.8\% | 27.6\% | 29.6\% | 28.9\% | 29.0\% | 27.8\% | 30.4\% | 31.4\% | 32.6\% | 33.2\% | 32.0\% | 33.0\% | 33.0\% |
| Stationery Products | 9.3\% | 9.4\% | 4.0\% | 10.4\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% | 10.3\% | 13.5\% | 11.7\% | 11.6\% | 10.8\% | 11.2\% | 11.2\% |
| Others | 13.7\% | 12.2\% | -19.7\% | -84.7\% | 21.7\% | -16.5\% | 4.1\% | 9.3\% | 22.6\% | 7.7\% | 10.0\% | 10.0\% | 10.0\% |
| Consol Margins | 20.1\% | 21.4\% | 20.9\% | 19.4\% | 21.3\% | 21.6\% | 22.1\% | 24.0\% | 23.5\% | 23.8\% | 22.5\% | 23.5\% | 23.6\% |
| RoE | 18.8\% | 22.0\% | 24.9\% | 22.8\% | 22.7\% | 21.7\% | 22.8\% | 27.3\% | 25.7\% | 25.5\% | 22.9\% | 22.7\% | 22.6\% |
| RoCE | 15.6\% | 17.2\% | 18.1\% | 18.0\% | 17.1\% | 16.8\% | 16.5\% | 20.3\% | 18.2\% | 19.1\% | 16.8\% | 18.9\% | 19.7\% |

[^4]
## Company Profile

## Navneet Education - a root, 5 decades deep

Exhibit 12: About the Company

| Publication |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Since | 1959 |
| Reach | 7 states |
|  | $18,000+$ schools |
| Strong hold | Gujarat |
|  | Maharashtra |
| Content Depth | $5,000+$ titles |
|  | 11 languages |
|  | $1,000+$ hrs of e-content |
| Stationery |  |
| Since | 1995 |
| Reach | 85,000 PoS |
| Exports | $\sim 40 \%$ of Segment Revenue |
| Facilities | Silvassa \& Khaniwade |
| Capacity | 150 tons/day |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

Navneet has grown @13.6\% CAGR in revenues and $15.5 \%$ in earnings for the past 10 years. More importantly, it has delivered a 15.4\% CAGR equity returns in the same period

Since 1959, Navneet has published more than 5,000 titles in English, Gujarati, Hindi, Marathi, Tamil, Urdu and other Indian and Foreign Languages, making it one of the most dominant players in the field of publishing. Over the decades, Navneet has emerged as the preferred brand for Educational Products among teachers and students in India. Its products are sold under the brands 'Navneet', 'Vikas', 'Gala', 'Grafalco', 'FfUuNn' and 'Boss'.

Navneet's educational syllabus-based supplementary books are Digests (Guide), Workbooks, and 21 Most Likely Question Sets, most of which are published in five languages - English, Gujarati, Hindi, Marathi, and Urdu. The company has a dominant market share of about 65\% in Western India. And, with a new range of supplementary books for students of CBSE and ICSE Boards, its educational products are now available across India.

It also publishes various titles in the Children and General books category, which are not based on syllabus, such as colouring and activity books, board books, story books and books on health \& hygiene, art \& artist, cooking, mehendi, embroidery etc.

## "Next gen" to target the digital opportunity

eSense: Foreseeing the need and demand in digital space, Navneet ventured into Digital Learning with eSense in 2009. This segment is looked after by Mr. Amit Gala, CEO (a professional) and Mr. Harshil Gala, the third generation of Gala Family. eSense being the first in its type was set up to provide an enhanced experience for the teachers and students in the space of Digital Learning. By Dec 2015, more than 2,800 institutions installed eSense enabling more than 20,000 classrooms to experience digital learning in Maharashtra \& Gujarat.

TopScorer is an online knowledge platform that provides smart learning packs for grade 1 to 10 students across CBSE, Gujarat (GSEB) and Maharashtra boards (MSEB). The platform looks at simplifying learning, making it easy and effective. It is focused on bringing access to the best instruction prep for K-12 and test-prep to students nationwide.

## Management Profile

Mr Gnanesh Gala, Managing Director, belongs to the promoter family and has over 29 years of experience in Finance and Corporate affairs.

Mr. Anil Gala, Whole-Time Director, belongs to the promoter family with an experience of over 35 years in Content management and Marketing.

Exhibit 13: Family Tree of promoter group


[^5]
## Education Industry in India

Indian education system in the private sector can be divided into: Formal and Informal segments.

Formal education segment broadly comprises schools and higher education institutes. Schools often classified as K-12 (Kindergarten to 12th) caters to '3-17 years' age group. While higher education includes graduate, diploma, professional and post-graduation courses caters to '18-22 years' and above age group. On the other hand, informal education segment comprises pre-schools, multimedia, vocational training, books and coaching classes. This segment is free from price regulation as opposed to highly regulated formal education segment.

Exhibit 14: Education Landscape in India


[^6]Government of India has allocated Rs1.01Tr in FY17BE for the education sector compared to Rs988.6bn in the previous budget. Of this, Rs 400 bn has been earmarked for general education, while Rs222bn has been allocated for Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan \& Rs97bn allocated to mid-day meal scheme. Education historically has been a State subject, however with the introduction of SSA and MDM schemes, State's contribution have reduced to 75\% in 2011 from 87\% in 2001.

Exhibit 15: GOI spending by education segment - More than Rs 1 tr committed per year


Source: Centre for Policy Research, PL Research

Educational book market in India is growing rapidly over the past 6-8 years. According to media reports, the K-12 market (school books) has grown from Rs63bn in FY08 to Rs186bn in FY14, implying a CAGR of 19.7\%. Higher education book sales have grown in this period from Rs16bn to Rs56bn.

Exhibit 16: Indian School Network consists of $\sim 1.4 \mathrm{~m}$ schools


Source: National University of Educational Planning and Administration, PL Research * FY12 ** Recognized

Exhibit 17: Navneet's target market - WEST INDIA

|  | Maharashtra | Gujarat |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| No of Govt Schools | 69,541 | 33,768 |
| No of Private Schools | 25,002 | 8,972 |
| Total Schools | 94,543 | 42,740 |
| School In Regional Mediums | 76,738 | 34,882 |
| School In English Mediums | 18,699 | 8,293 |
| $\%$ of regional medium schools | $81.2 \%$ | $81.6 \%$ |
| Number of Students |  |  |
| Class 1-5 | $10,188,809$ | $5,936,567$ |
| Class 6-8 | $5,969,982$ | $3,232,904$ |
| Class 9-10 | $1,952,064$ | $1,586,292$ |
| Class 11-12 | $3,132,957$ | 928,544 |
| Total Students | $21,243,812$ | $11,684,307$ |

Source: PL Research

## Highly fragmented industry with dominant regional players

While the market is highly fragmented, it is also experiencing consolidation, in part as a result of involvement of foreign multinationals. Government allows $100 \%$ foreign direct investment. This is not only in trade publishing, with the merger of Penguin and Random House and HarperCollins' acquisition of Harlequin (all companies with substantial presences in India), but also in educational, with S Chand's acquisition of Madhuban, Vikas Publishing House and Saraswati Book House and with Laxmi Publications' acquisition of Macmillan Higher Education.

## Stationery business is currently facing stiff competition from ITC and regional players

The organized market for notebooks is around Rs40bn, where ITC's Classmate is the market leader with $\sim 20 \%$ share. Navneet is a distant second with $\sim 7 \%$ share. The rest of the market is controlled by a host of regional brands. Over the past five years, ITC has almost doubled its stationery sales by aggressive marketing and relaxing credit norms amidst retail channels. This has affected most sector participants in terms of pricing and profitability and also resulted in subdued single-digit growth rates.

## Business Segment

Navneet operates across mainly two business segments: Publishing and Stationery

Exhibit 18: Navneet Business Snapshot and Revenue Split in \%


Source: Company data, PL Research

Surprisingly, 80\% of the students in India study in regional languages contrary to the belief of higher share of English/Hindi medium

Exhibit 19: Navneet's Industry Snapshot - in a Nutshell

|  | Publication | Stationery |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Current market Size | 120 bn | 50 bn |
| Market growth rate | $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| Fragmentation | High | High |
| Pricing | Value Pricing, Cost plus markup | Cost plus markup |
| Competition intensity | Low | High |
| Annual Revenues (FY16) | 5 bn | 4.2 bn |
| $\mathbf{5}$ yr CAGR | $10 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| EBITDA Margins | $33 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| RoCE | $\sim 46 \%$ | $\sim 12 \%$ |

Source: PL Research

## Publishing Segment

Navneet is a dominant player in Western India for Supplementary books. Workbooks, Guides and last Minute Revision forms the portfolio for Navneet's syllabus-based publication

Navneet is in the business of publication of syllabus-based supplementary books for State board school students across Western India and other non-syllabus based books across India. It enjoys leadership position in supplementary books backed by a strong content team of 195 authors receiving remuneration in the form of Royalty and not salary. It has created almost 5,000+ titles in seven different languages over the years. Navneet has also ventured in publishing CBSE textbooks from Standards 1 to 8 for CBSE Board. Common curriculum and higher margins as compared to supplementary publishing prompted Navneet to leverage CBSE textbooks in seven states and is in the process of expanding operations pan-India.

Navneet, over the years, has developed good relationships with most schools in Western India and ensures its sales team ( $\sim 450$ field staff) keep teachers abreast about the latest product offerings which can be recommended to students. Excellent quality of content written by highly competent educationalists and experienced authors and trust factor developed over the last five decades continue to work for Navneet's products across Maharashtra and Gujarat.

Exhibit 20: Education products offerings

|  | Work books | Digests/Guides | 21 Most Likely Questions |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For Standards | $1-10$ | $1-12$ | 10th \& 12th (Public Exams) |
| Sales Model | Recommended by schools | Sample given to teachers | Sample given to teachers |
| Points of Sale | Retail or Schools | Retail | Retail |

Source: PL Research

Exhibit 21: Current Revenue Contribution Class -wise

| Class | \% Contribution | Total |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 1 to 4 | $6 \%$ each | 24 |
| 5 to 7 | $8 \%$ each | 24 |
| 8 to 9 | $10 \%$ each | 20 |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ | $17 \%$ | 17 |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ | $3 \%$ | 3 |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ | $6 \%$ | 6 |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

Publishing business is seasonal in nature with Apr-Jun (Q1) amounting for almost 50$55 \%$ of sales. However, for sales to happen in Q1, Navneet starts its printing activity between Nov-Apr period. Paper procurement happens during Nov-Dec period and manufacturing commences for the next season. Marketing activity starts in Jan -Mar period. Working capital requirement is at its peak on $B / S$ date in March and its leanest at end Sept.

Exhibit 22: Publishing business is cyclical in nature with Q1 contributing > 50\% sales

|  | Activity | Effect on Financial Statements |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct-Dec Q3 | -Paper purchase contract | -Huge manufacturing expenditure |
|  | -Start of printing activity | -Inventory rises |
|  | -Sales ~14\% |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan-Mar } \\ \text { Q4 } \end{gathered}$ | -Printing activity continues | -Huge marketing expense |
|  | -Marketing activity starts for next academic year | -Inventory at its peak |
|  | -Sales ~15\% | -Working capital borrowing from banks |
| Apr-Jun Q1 | -Printing activity continues | -Highest revenue among all quarters |
|  | -Major sales made ( $\sim 50-55 \%$ ) | -Major profit realised |
| Jul-Sep Q2 | -Major debtors realised | -Thin balance-sheet |
|  | -Sales ~16-18\% |  |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

Exhibit 23: Navneet is a focused player in West India due to hurdles in other states

No publisher is present in more than
2 states catering to state board supplementary books


[^7]Exhibit 24: Future growth drivers for Publishing business in place

## Syllabus change

- It does away with old and second hand books from the channel and creates additional demand for new books of revised syllabus


## New products

## CBSE pattern schools

## Govt initiatives

- Many schools have started positioning themselves as 'CBSE pattern' schools where they use private publishers' text books up to Class 8; Navneet has ventured into that segment

Source: Company Data, PL Research

Exhibit 25: Split of Publishing Segment FY14-FY18E


Source: Company Data, PL Research

Some of the key challenges in running the publishing business are saturation, creating awareness amongst students and staying ahead of curve in terms of market offerings, both price-wise and geography-wise.

> Students are much more comfortable and quick at learning something which is taught to them providing a visual version of the topic

## Digital Segment - eSense

e-learning is an arena of online education which is very widely and popularly used by developed nations. This method of learning is slowly gaining popularity in developing nations as well. India, Pakistan and Nepal have already adapted themselves to the use of technology albeit at a slow pace.

Government plays a vital role in encouraging the use of technology for education. With the existing government committed to digital India and state government's emphasizing on reducing the weight of school bags, there is robust opportunity to grow in the e-learning business.

Online business model looks attractive on the face of it. However, the fact is that most online education companies in India are not profitable. This is because the number of paid users v/s total users is low. Most online education companies find it difficult to convert users into paid subscribers. Students sign up but drop out when they have to pay.

Exhibit 26: Some prominent online vendors

|  | Promoted by | Based out of | Target Segment | Year |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Topper learning | Educomp and Network 18 | Mumbai | K-12, ICSE/CBSE, State boards | NA |
| Meritnation | Pavan Chauhan | Delhi | K-12, ICSE/CBSE, State boards | 2009 |
| Extramarks | Atul Kulshrestha | Noida | K-12, ICSE /CBSE | 2007 |
| Learn Next | IIT Alumni | Hyderabad | K-12, ICSE/CBSE, State boards | 2013 |
| Byju's | Byju Ravindran funded by Sequoia Capital | Bangalore | K/12, Test Preparation | 2008 |
| Edurite | Pearson Group | Bangalore | CBSE/ICSE/General worksheets | NA |
| Toppr | Zishaan Hayath and Hemanth Goteti | Mumbai | IIT JEE, Pre medical and Foundation | 2013 |
| Esense | Navneet | Mumbai | K-12, ICSE/CBSE, State boards | 2009 |
| Khan Academy | Salman Khan, MIT and Harvard Graduate | US | Free content/Non-Profit organization | 2005 |
| 100 Percentile | NA | Gurgaon | Preparation for Engg, Mediacl, MBA Entrance etc | 2012 |

Source: PL Research (NA = Not available)

Digital content has the potential to empower teachers and significantly increase attention and understanding of abstract concepts for students

## Ready with retail offering and ramp-up in TopScorer online portal

Navneet has created TopScorer, an online knowledge platform that provides smart learning packs for Grade 1 to 10 students across CBSE, Gujarat (GSEB) and Maharashtra boards (MSEB). It is looking to target the retail segment through pendrives/CD ROMS (with class-wise content) across its distribution network in Maharashtra and Gujarat in the next 3-6 months. This product will be sold at $\sim$ Rs3000-4000 at retail level (off-line), while the online subscription is expected to be offered cheaper. We understand Navneet is looking to increase its investments in marketing and distribution of its digital segment by $\sim$ Rs 150 m for FY 17 from an average of Rs $60-80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{yr}$ for past 5 yrs .

Exhibit 27: E-learning target segments constitute both B2B and B2C with huge potential

| Offerings | Digital content for Maharashtra \& Gujarat state curriculum <br> English, Marathi and Gujrati medium-- Class 1-10 <br> Pen drives for CBSE grades 1-10 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Numbers | $\frac{\text { B2B products installed in 2,800 institutions, covering 20,000 classrooms }}{\text { Over 1,000 hrs of content created for State boards of Maharashtra and Gujarat and CBSE curriculum }}$ |
| Strong brand names helps in penetration |  |
| Acceptability | Acceptability by teacher and students due to ease of use |
| Huge untapped market | Out of 24,000 pvt schools, less than 15\% have been tapped till Q3FY16-huge B2B opportunity in Maha \& Guj |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

## Stationery Segment

Navneet started its stationery business in 1995, which is broadly divided into Domestic and Exports. The domestic segment accounts for two-thirds of the stationery segment sales and includes both paper and non-paper stationery. The domestic stationery market is growing @ 10\% CAGR, with large number of regional players.

## Paper Stationery

Navneet manufactures and distributes premium quality notebooks, long books and other stationery products like drawing books, scrap books, hobby stationery, office stationery etc. It also exports its stationery products and children's books to Middle East, Europe, Africa, USA and South America.

## Non-Paper Stationery

Navneet entered the general stationery market (Non-Paper) with the brand name "FfUuNn" in August 2006 with products like pencils, erasers, sharpeners, rulers, water colours, colour pencils and so on. This segment is largely outsourced and helps Navneet to increase its product basket.

Exhibit 28: Stationery segment Snapshot

|  | Paper | Non-Paper |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Production | $\sim 70 \%$ in house (all exports products in-house) | Outsourced |
| Market | Domestic as well as export | Sold pan-India |
| Products | Notebooks, Drawing Books, Writing Pads, Index <br> Cards etc | Pencils, Erasers, Sharpeners, Crayons, Geometry Sets, Rulers, Dough, <br> Colour Pastels etc. |
| Revenue Share (FY15) | $93 \%$ of the segment | $7 \%$ of segment revenue |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

Exhibit 29: Stationery growing @15\% CAGR for past four years, margins in double digits



Source: Company Data, PL Research

## Why stationery business makes sense for Navneet product offerings?

■ It helps in negotiations on buying paper (~80,000T of paper required by Navneet a year)

- Creates a national brand

Target exports

## Strong distribution in stationery touches $\mathbf{8 5 , 0 0 0}$ plus retail outlets

Navneet has two centralised offices in Mumbai and Ahmedabad and two manufacturing locations at Silvassa (Union Territory) and Khaniwade (Maharashtra). The 14 Branch Offices, 1,200+ Distributors, 16 C\&F Agents and 455+ sales force ensure Navneet's presence across all major markets in India. Division's variety of stationery products today reaches 85000+ retail outlets in more than 600 towns across 23 states and three Union Territories in India.

## Stiff competition from ITC in the stationery segment limits margin improvement

ITC's education and stationery products business, which sells notebooks and other stationery items under the 'Classmate' brand, has clocked revenues in excess of Rs10bn for FY15. The organized market for notebooks is around Rs40bn, where ITC's Classmate is the market leader with a $20 \%$ share. The other national brand, Navneet, is a distant second with $7 \%$ share. Rest of the market is controlled by a host of regional brands. Over the last few years, ITC is increasingly focusing on stationery segment due to reduction of import duties under free trade agreements, especially with ASEAN effective Jan 2014 impacting profitability of domestic paper and paper board industry. ITC has, thus, increased its thrust in value-added paper and expanded the availability of its products through a multi-pronged approach of channel proliferation, market penetration and outlet coverage increase.

NELI expects exports to grow meaningfully over the next 3-5 yrs

## Stationery exports have grown three-fold over past five years

Navneet's stationery exports have grown meaningfully to the US, Africa and Europe over the past five years registering revenues of Rs1.7bn for FY15.Navneet's products are appreciated across retail chains in the US and the company is hopeful of geographic expansion in the coming years.

Exhibit 30: Region-wise growth in Exports


Source: Company Data, PL Research

## K-12 School management business

In 2011, Navneet ventured into Direct Education/School Management Business by acquiring a $25 \%$ stake in a School Management company in Andhra Pradesh "K-12 Techno Services" (KTS) for Rs488m. KTS has 52 State Board Schools under the name of "Gowtham Model School" in AP and 12 CBSE Schools by the name of "Orchids The International School". Of these 12 schools, five are in Bengaluru, four in Mumbai and one each in Navi Mumbai, Pune \& Hyderabad. Because of the trust structure, out of the total fee/revenue collected, $\sim 40 \%$ would accrue to KTS as the maximum allowed management fees and Navneet's proportionate revenue share is $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$.

Navneet has not increased any further investments in this segment and is evaluating the performance of KTS regularly to decide whether to stick with its investment or exit when KTS applies for an IPO. We expect Sequoia Capital (one of PE investors) to take the IPO route in FY18. It has invested $\sim$ Rs 900 m in 2 rounds of funding for its 45\% Stake.

Exhibit 31: Existing Shareholding of KTS

| Share Holding |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sequoia Capital | $45 \%$ | FY15 Snapshot | Revenues |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

## Assumptions

Exhibit 32: Assumptions (Rs m)

|  | FY14 | FY15 | FY16E | FY17E | FY18E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Segment Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |
| Publishing Division | 4,751 | 5,319 | 5,180 | 5,911 | 6,533 |
| Education Books | 4,425 | 4,932 | 4,761 | 5,439 | 6,002 |
| Children's and general Books | 205 | 267 | 294 | 338 | 389 |
| Children's and general Books (Exports) | 121 | 120 | 125 | 133 | 143 |
| Stationery Division | 3,812 | 4,224 | 4,351 | 4,786 | 5,264 |
| Exports (Including incentives) | 1,303 | 1,697 | 1,500 | 1,665 | 1,848 |
| Paper Stationery (Domestic) | 2,207 | 2,213 | 2,520 | 2,774 | 3,052 |
| Non-Paper Stationery (domestic) | 303 | 315 | 330 | 347 | 364 |
| Esense (Online/Multimedia) | 208 | 201 | 230 | 311 | 497 |
| Others | 50 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 |
| Total Revenues | 8,821 | 9,795 | 9,811 | 11,058 | 12,345 |
| EBITDA Margins |  |  |  |  |  |
| Publishing Content | 32.6\% | 33.2\% | 32.0\% | 33.0\% | 33.0\% |
| Stationery Products | 11.7\% | 11.6\% | 10.8\% | 11.2\% | 11.2\% |
| Working Capital cycle |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debtors Days | 81 | 70 | 70 | 69 | 68 |
| Inventory Days | 138 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 |
| Creditors Days | 9 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| NWC Days | 210 | 193 | 193 | 191 | 189 |
| Tax Rate | 34.4\% | 34.7\% | 34.0\% | 34.0\% | 34.0\% |

[^8]
## Financials

## Navneet's revenues are growing @12\% CAGR over FY16-FY18E

Navneet is expected to grow revenues @12\% CAGR over FY16-FY18E, primarily on the back of $14 \%$ CAGR growth in publishing segment and $10 \%$ CAGR growth in Stationery segment. Publishing segment is expected to benefit from new products for CBSE pattern, syllabus change, government initiatives for providing supplementary books to public schools and traction in eSense. Stationery segment is expected to benefit from newer geographies in exports apart from US and steady domestic market growth of $10 \%$.

Exhibit 33: Publishing Business looks strong over FY16-FY18E Period


Source: Company Data, PL Research

Exhibit 34: Stationery Business steady over FY16-FY18E Period


Source: Company Data, PL Research

## Subdued FY16 due to draught in Maharashtra

Navneet had a subdued FY16 with a revenue drop of $6 \%$ primarily on account of draught in major districts of Maharashtra. Further, there were no government tenders this year v/s Rs245m in FY15. Exports too struggled in FY16 due to lesser exports to Africa.

However, we remain optimistic on the growth returning back over FY16-FY18E period primarily factoring in 1) Normal operating business environment in publishing with contribution from CBSE textbooks sales 2) Growth from online portal eSense 3) Scholarships exams back in FY17.

## Average EBITDA generation of Rs2bn/yr for FY12-FY16E period

Navneet has consistently improved margins and generated average EBITDA of Rs2bn a year for FY12-FY16E period. Tight control over raw material cost, other operating expenses and stable employee cost over the years has resulted in 250bps improvement in margins for the period despite company undertaking new initiatives like online (eSense) and government tenders.

Exhibit 35: Navneet has consistently grown operating profits over the past decade


Source: Company Data, PL Research
Most cost overheads well in control, margins remain stable

Navneet has controlled most cost overheads in a tight range for the past decade. This has resulted in stable margin profile both at EBIDTA and PAT levels.

Exhibit 36: Navneet has gradually improved margins in past 4 yrs

|  |  | FY12 | FY13 | FY14 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cost of RM (Paper) | $48.5 \%$ | $48.0 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | FY15 |
| Employee Cost | $9.9 \%$ | $8.5 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ |
| Royalty | $2.0 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ |
| Transportation Expenses | $1.7 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ |
| Binding Expenses | $1.3 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ |
| Sales Promotion Expenses | $2.1 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ |
| Printing Expenses | $1.2 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ |
| Freight \& Octroi | $1.0 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |
| Rent | $0.7 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| Misc | $8.7 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $\mathbf{7 . 6 \%}$ |  |
| Other Manufacturing Expenses | $1.7 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |  |  |
| EBIDTA Margins (Consol) | $\mathbf{2 1 . 2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 8 \%}$ | $1.9 \%$ |
| PAT Margins (Consol) | $\mathbf{1 2 . 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 9} \%$ | $\mathbf{2 3 . 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 . 2 \%}$ |

[^9]
## Asset turnover stable above 2.5x, routine capex of Rs300-350m

Navneet's business model is asset-light and requires routine capex in the range of Rs300-350m a year. Management has highlighted barring any strong opportunity for M\&A, the payout ratio shall continue to be in the 48-50\% range. Asset turnover above $2.5 x$ suggests a strong groundwork and branding in the education value chain for Navneet.

Exhibit 37: Asset Turnover above 2.5x in Publishing and Stationery business


Source: Company Data, PL Research

## High return ratios, strong free cash generation and high dividend payout merits investment

Navneet has demonstrated strong balance sheet (Net D/E of 0.24 for FY16E) over the past several years backed by continuous free cash generation. Strong publishing franchise and multiple levers of growth such as syllabus change, digital opportunity, new export markets and enhanced stationery exports is expected to keep Navneet on a sustainable growth trajectory over the next many years. Dividend payout of $50 \%$ and RoE of $25 \%$ offers comfort for long-term investing.

Exhibit 38: Navneet has strong RoE and $\sim 50 \%$ payout


[^10]Exhibit 39: Strong balance sheet and significant cash generation


Source: Company Data, PL Research

## Valuation and Outlook

Navneet continues to dominate publishing of supplementary books across Maharashtra and Gujarat. However, the current slow but gradual shift towards CBSE pattern has opened up text books market for Navneet (potential of around 70,000 schools in India and market of Rs10-12bn). Stationery segment is expected to remain steady and digital opportunity has the potential to gain significant traction over the next 4-5 years. Navneet has proactively ventured in to the digital business through its subsidiary eSense and is looking to not only grow in B2B segment (Navneet to schools) but is ready with B2C retail offerings like online portal (TopScorer), CD Roms and pen drives for curriculum of Maharashtra and Gujarat. It is also ready with pen drives for CBSE curriculum which is expected to be launched in the next 3-4 months.

We view Navneet as a value stock with steady growth over the years with a payout of $48 \%$. However, considering RoE of $23 \%$ and consistent earnings growth over FY16FY18E period, Navneet is well-positioned to deliver superior returns. Strong management bandwidth with proven track record, high visibility on operating cashflows, superior return ratios and strong balance sheet, makes Navneet a preferred 'BUY' in the Education space. Initiate with a 'BUY' and TP of Rs111.

Exhibit 40: One-year forward Price to Earnings


[^11]Exhibit 41: Comparative Valuation

|  | Mcap <br> (Rs bn) | Sales (Rs m) |  |  | FY15 | FY16E | FY17E | FY15 | FY16E | FY17E | FY15 | FY16E |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 20 | 9,795 | 9,811 | 11,058 | 16.1 | 15.9 | 14.2 | 25.5 | 22.9 | 22.7 | 9.0 | 9.7 |
| Navneet | 13 | 2,239 | 2,598 | 2,861 | 19.1 | 18.5 | 16.8 | 35.3 | 26.5 | 27.2 | 13.8 | 11.8 |
| MPS | 7 | 2,089 | 2,862 | 3,350 | 24.3 | 21.0 | 17.4 | 25.0 | 20.2 | 21.1 | 18.2 | 14.1 |
| MT Educare | 711.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^12]
## S. Chand listing in FY17, offers chances of re-rating for Navneet

Delhi-based publishing firm S Chand has raised US\$27m (Rs1.8bn) funding led by IFC, and existing investor Everstone Capital in Nov 2015. Proceeds from the latest capitalraising round will be used by the Delhi-based company to scale-up operations in education publishing, as well as in the digital education space, as it looks to reach out to more students.

S Chand was founded in 1939 by late Shyam Lal Gupta and is now managed by Mr. Himanshu Gupta, Joint MD and Mr Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhunwala. S Chand has 50 branches spread across the country and exports to about 40 countries globally. It publishes around 35 m textbooks and delivers over 4000 hours of e-content to 20 m students annually.

According to media reports, S Chand is exploring an IPO this fiscal and has already started planning for it. They require about US\$150m through external and internal accruals as they are looking to reach 1,00,000 institutions over the next five years. They have already deployed US\$15m for acquiring digital and services-related properties till date. S Chand is expected to have Rs 8 bn in revenues and $\sim$ Rs 2 bn in operating profit for FY16.

## Risk and Concerns

## Rise in paper costs

Paper, the key raw material, accounts for almost 45\% of revenues. Sharp rise in paper prices can hit profitability of the publishing segment \& domestic paper stationery, which is already facing stiff competition.

## Competitive intensity

Publication industry is highly fragmented, regional and the competitive intensity remains stiff. However, Navneet's operations are concentrated across Maharashtra and Gujarat where it has carved a niche for its books over the past five decades. Due to focus on content quality and a strong marketing network, Navneet has a durable competitive advantage over other players.

## Stationery segment can face intense pressure from ITC

ITC, over the past five years, has become aggressive in the value-added paper space where Navneet is also present. Any predatory pricing by ITC to expand its market share can dent profitability of the stationery segment for Navneet. However, Navneet over the last four years has increased its exports three-fold to diversify risk in the domestic stationery segment.

| Income Statement (Rs m) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Y/e March | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 E}$ |
| Net Revenue | $\mathbf{9 , 7 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 8 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 0 5 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 3 4 5}$ |
| Raw Material Expenses | $\mathbf{4 , 6 4 1}$ | 4,807 | 5,252 | 5,864 |
| Gross Profit | 5,154 | 5,004 | 5,805 | 6,481 |
| Employee Cost | 875 | 883 | 995 | 1,111 |
| Other Expenses | $\mathbf{1 , 9 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 9 1 3}$ | 2,156 | 2,407 |
| EBITDA | $\mathbf{2 , 3 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 6 3}$ |
| Depr. \& Amortization | 308 | 338 | 372 | 409 |
| Net Interest | 91 | 40 | 90 | 90 |
| Other Income | 22 | 180 | 50 | 50 |
| Profit before Tax | $\mathbf{1 , 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 2 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 5 1 3}$ |
| Total Tax | 693 | 683 | 762 | 855 |
| Profit after Tax | $\mathbf{1 , 3 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 5 8}$ |
| Ex-Od items / Min. Int. | - | - | - | - |
| Adj. PAT | $\mathbf{1 , 3 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 5 8}$ |
| Avg. Shares O/S (m) | $\mathbf{2 3 8 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 8 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 8 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 8 . 2}$ |
| EPS (Rs.) | $\mathbf{5 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 0}$ |


| Cash Flow Abstract (Rs m) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Y/e March | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | 2016E | 2017E | 2018E |
| C/F from Operations | 1,622 | 1,661 | 1,185 | 1,386 |
| C/F from Investing | $(81)$ | $(478)$ | $(780)$ | $(480)$ |
| C/F from Financing | $(1,555)$ | $(612)$ | $(1,000)$ | $(886)$ |
| Inc. / Dec. in Cash | $(14)$ | 571 | $(595)$ | 20 |
| Opening Cash | 69 | 55 | 626 | 31 |
| Closing Cash | 55 | 626 | 31 | 51 |
| FCFF | 1,541 | 1,183 | 405 | 906 |
| FCFE | 708 | 2,406 | 327 | 809 |

## Key Financial Metrics

| Y/e March | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | 2016E | 2017E | 2018E |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Growth |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue (\%) | 11.0 | 0.2 | 12.7 | 11.6 |
| EBITDA (\%) | 14.1 | $(7.0)$ | 20.2 | 11.6 |
| PAT (\%) | 13.2 | 1.7 | 11.6 | 12.1 |
| EPS (\%) | 14.0 | 1.7 | 11.6 | 12.1 |
| Profitability |  |  |  |  |
| EBITDA Margin (\%) | 24.2 | 22.5 | 24.0 | 24.0 |
| PAT Margin (\%) | 13.3 | 13.5 | 13.4 | 13.4 |
| RoCE (\%) | 19.1 | 16.8 | 18.9 | 19.7 |
| RoE (\%) | 25.5 | 22.9 | 22.7 | 22.6 |

## Balance Sheet

| Net Debt : Equity | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net Wrkng Cap. (days) | 191 | 193 | 182 | 181 |
| Valuation |  |  |  |  |
| PER (x) | 16.2 | 16.0 | 14.3 | 12.8 |
| P / B (x) | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| EV / EBITDA (x) | 9.5 | 10.1 | 8.4 | 7.5 |
| EV / Sales (x) | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Earnings Quality |  |  |  |  |
| Eff. Tax Rate | 34.7 | 34.0 | 34.0 | 34.0 |
| Other Inc / PBT | 1.1 | 9.0 | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| Eff. Depr. Rate (\%) | 8.6 | 8.4 | 7.7 | 7.7 |
| FCFE / PAT | 54.3 | 181.5 | 22.1 | 48.8 |

Source: Company Data, PL Research.

| Balance Sheet Abstract (Rs m) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Y/e March | 2015 | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 \mathrm { E }}$ |
| Shareholder's Funds | 5,432 | 6,122 | 6,891 | 7,753 |
| Total Debt | 1,436 | 1,500 | 1,250 | 1,000 |
| Other Liabilities | 41 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| Total Liabilities | $\mathbf{6 , 9 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 6 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 1 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 7 9 3}$ |
| Net Fixed Assets | $\mathbf{1 , 7 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 4 4}$ | 2,265 | 2,348 |
| Goodwill | - | - | - | - |
| Investments | 680 | 937 | 943 | 949 |
| Net Current Assets | 4,491 | 4,881 | 4,973 | 5,495 |
| Cash \& Equivalents | 55 | 403 | 21 | 36 |
| Other Current Assets | 5,752 | 5,971 | 6,629 | $\mathbf{7 , 3 1 7}$ |
| Current Liabilities | 1,317 | $\mathbf{1 , 4 9 3}$ | 1,677 | 1,857 |
| Other Assets | - | - | - | - |
| Total Assets | $\mathbf{6 , 9 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 6 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 1 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 7 9 3}$ |

Quarterly Financials (Rs m)

| Y/e March | Q4FY15 | Q1FY16 | Q2FY16 | Q3FY16 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net Revenue | $\mathbf{1 , 8 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 1 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 3 2}$ |
| EBITDA | $\mathbf{3 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 8}$ |
| $\%$ of revenue | 18.0 | 30.5 | 10.0 | 11.3 |
| Depr. \& Amortization | 76 | 62 | 65 | 68 |
| Net Interest | 16 | 30 | - | - |
| Other Income | 2 | 13 | 97 | 49 |
| Profit before Tax | $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 8}$ |
| Total Tax | 83 | 510 | 44 | 40 |
| Profit after Tax | $\mathbf{1 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{9 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 8}$ |
| Adj. PAT | $\mathbf{1 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{9 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 8}$ |

Key Operating Metrics

| Y/e March | 2015 | 2016E | 2017E | 2018E |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Segment Revenues |  |  |  |  |
| Publishing | 5,520 | 5,410 | 6,221 | 7,030 |
| Stationery | 4,224 | 4,351 | 4,786 | 5,264 |
| EBIDTA |  |  |  |  |
| Publishing | 1,835 | 1,785 | 2,053 | 2,320 |
| Stationery | 488 | 496 | 536 | 590 |
| S |  |  |  |  |

Source: Company Data, PL Research.

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Rating Distribution of Research Coverage


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| BUY | $:$ | Over 15\% Outperformance to Sensex over 12-months |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Accumulate | $:$ | Outperformance to Sensex over 12-months |
| Reduce | $:$ | Underperformance to Sensex over 12-months |
| Sell | $:$ | Over 15\% underperformance to Sensex over 12-months |
| Trading Buy | $:$ | Over 10\% absolute upside in 1-month |
| Trading Sell | $:$ | Over 10\% absolute decline in 1-month |
| Not Rated (NR) | $:$ | No specific call on the stock |
| Under Review (UR) | $:$ | Rating likely to change shortly |

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We/I, Mr. Nishna Biyani (BE, MBA-Finance), Mr. Keyur Pandya (Mcom, MBA-Finance), Research Analysts, authors and the names subscribed to this report, hereby certify that all of the views expressed in this research report accurately reflect our views about the subject issuer(s) or securities. We also certify that no part of our compensation was, is, or will be directly or indirectly related to the specific recommendation(s) or view(s) in this report.
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